

TD1570 Indirect Connected DC Energy Meters Verification Device



^{*} This is for your reference only, the configuration and details may vary depending on the application scenarios

1. summary

TD1570 is a device dedicated to the verification of indirect connected DC energy meters, which is composed of DC standard voltage source, DC small-signal voltage standard source, multi meter location verification platform, verification software, etc. Support the automatic verification of indirect connected DC energy meters.

2. Features

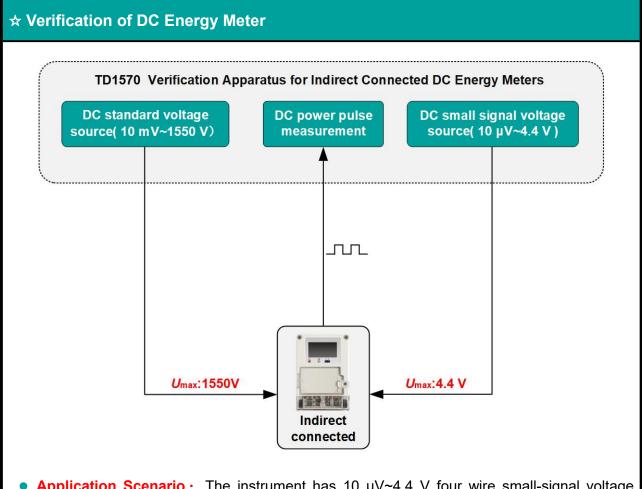
- Power/energy measurement: class 0.05。
- DC standard voltage source: 10 mV ~ 1150 V / 1550 V (option)
- DC small-signal voltage source(four-line): 10 μV~4.4 V
- Optional 6/12/16 meter position indirect connected DC energy meters verification platform.
- Standard energy pulse input/output, used to detect the working error of energy meter
- Auxiliary power supply is used to supply power for electronic meters for measuring DC electrical energy(type A).



- Standard second pulse measurement is used to detect the daily timing error of the energy meter
- Mobile measurement and control station, which can observe or control the output through the
 LCD touch screen



3. Applications

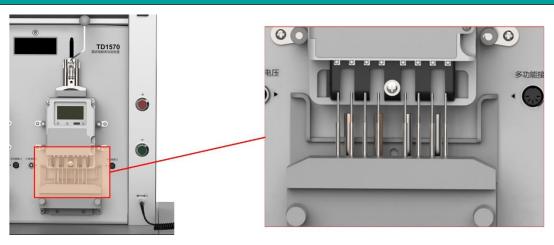


• Application Scenario: The instrument has 10 μ V~4.4 V four wire small-signal voltage source, with 1550 V DC voltage source and energy pulse measurement function, can carry out relevant testing work of indirect connected DC energy meters .



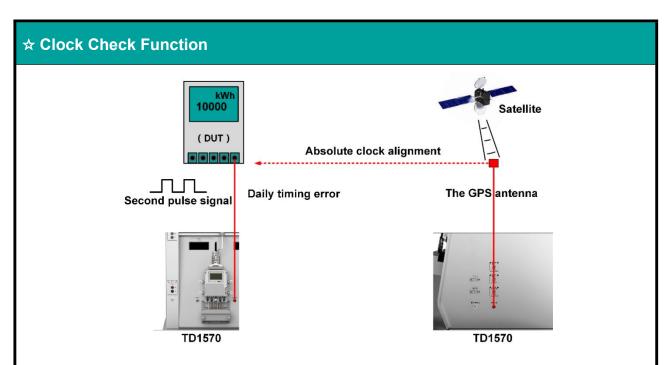
4. Characteristics

★ DC Energy Meter Press Bracket



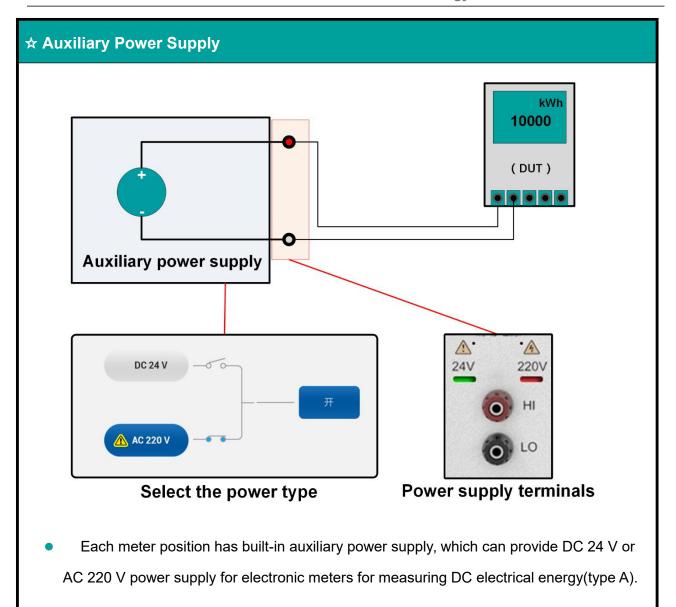
Indirect Connected DC Energy Meters Press Bracket

 Indirect connected DC energy meters press bracket: a metal terminal corresponding to the wiring hole of the DC energy meter is installed under the fixed meter position, and the wiring operation can be completed by pressing the handle.

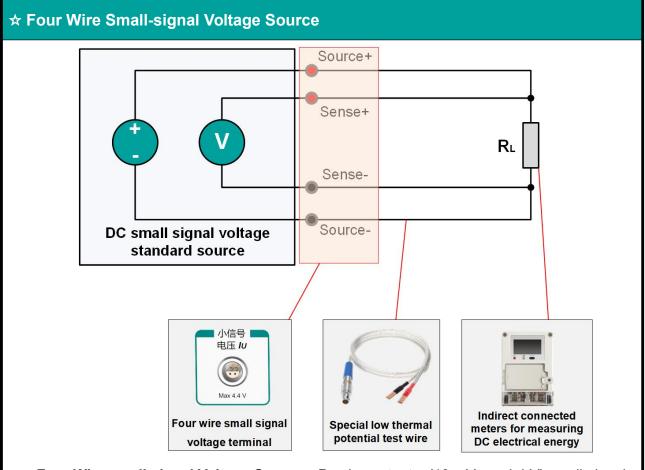


- Built in clock module with precision up to 0.2 ppm, which can measure the second pulse signal for daily timing error test
- Built in GPS module and antenna can receive GPS standard clock signal.



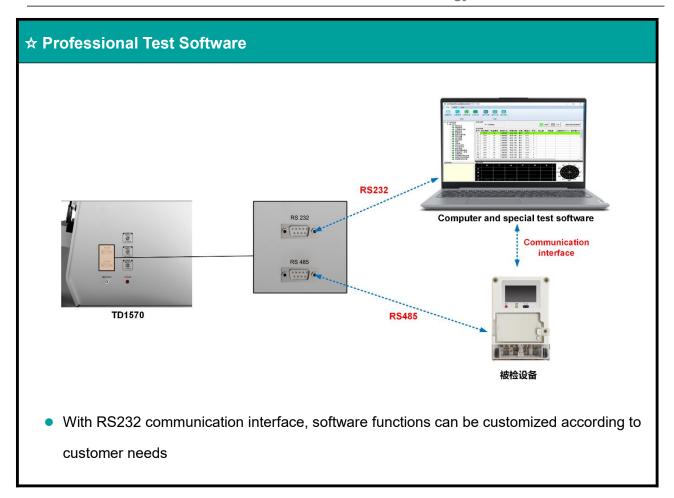






• Four Wire small-signal Voltage Source: Precise output \pm (10 μ V \sim 4.4 V) small-signal voltage signal is used as the current input of indirect connected DC energy meters (the specification of shunt can be set and displayed according to its primary current).







5. Specifications

5.1 DC Voltage Output

Range	Resolution	Short Term Stability (% / min)	Accuracy (k=2) (ppm of reading + ppm of range)[1]	Maximum Burden Current (mA)	Ripple (%)
100 mV	1 μV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
300 mV	1 μV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
1 V	10 μV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
3 V	10 μV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
10 V	0.1 mV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
30 V	0.1 mV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
100 V	1 mV	0.005	120 + 80	300	< 0.2
300 V	1 mV	0.005	120 + 80	150	< 0.2
600 V	1 mV	0.005	120 + 80	50	< 0.2
1000 V	10 mV	0.005	120 + 80	50	< 0.2
1500 V ^[2]	10 mV	0.005	120 + 80	20	< 0.2

Note [1]: (ppm = parts per million) (e.g., 10ppm = 0.001%).

[2]: 1500V range is an option.

- Output range: 10 mV~1150 V, 6-bit display
- 1500 V voltage output option can be selected to expand the voltage output range to 10 mV \sim 1550 V
- Protection function: Short circuit protection, overload protection



5.2 DC small-signal Voltage Output [3]

Range	Resolution	Short Term Stability (% / min)	Accuracy (k=2) (ppm of reading + ppm of range)	Maximum Burden Current (mA)	Ripple (%)
1 mV	10 nV	0.1 µVrms	120 + 0.3 μV	_	< 0.2
3 mV	10 nV	0.3 µVrms	120 + 1 μV	_	< 0.2
10 mV	0.1 μV	1 μVrms	120 + 3 μV	_	< 0.2
30 mV	0.1 μV	0.002	120 + 80	_	< 0.2
100 mV	1 μV	0.002	120 + 80	_	< 0.2
300 mV	1 μV	0.002	120 + 80	≤ 10	< 0.2
1 V	10 μV	0.002	120 + 80	≤ 10	< 0.2
4 V	10 μV	0.002	120 + 80	≤ 10	< 0.2

Note: [3] When the indirect connected DC energy meters is verified separately, it can be used as its current input (corresponding to the shunt voltage)

- Output range: \pm (10 μ V \sim 4.4 V), 6-bit display
- The specification and current voltage ratio of the shunt can be set, and the output value can be displayed according to the voltage or current converted by the shunts.

5.3 Daily Timing Error

- Annual measurement uncertainty of device standard clock: 2×10⁻⁷
- Daily timing error supports two error display modes: s/d and ppm/ppb



5.4 DC Energy Index

	Range	Combination of DC voltage and DC current (or DC	
DC		small-signal voltage)	
		Uncertainty of voltage measurement+uncertainty of	
Power/Energy	Accuracy	current measurement (or uncertainty of DC small-signal	
		voltage measurement)	
	o	High frequency full range value corresponds to 60 kHz;	
	Standard Energy	Low frequency full range value corresponds to 6 Hz;	
	Pulse Output		
	Pulse Output	Output frequency jitter time<10 μ s	
	Frequency		
		Signal amplitude is 5V, TTL level;	
Energy Pulse		Able to receive high-frequency pulses ≤ 150 kHz;	
	Standard Energy	FH=60 kHz × Power value ÷ voltage range value ÷	
	Pulse Input	current range value	
		FL=60 kHz × Power value ÷ voltage range value ÷ current	
		range value ÷ 10000	
	Energy Error	Automatic display, resolution 0.0001%	
	Display		
Difference at Different Meter Position		< ± 0.025%	

5.5 Auxiliary Power Supply

DC Dower	Output Voltage	24 V	
DC Power Output	Maximum Burden Current	120 mA / meter position	
Output	Protection Function	Replaceable fuse protection	
AC Power Output	Output Voltage	220 V	
	Maximum Burden Current	20 mA / meter position	
	Protection Function	Replaceable fuse protection	

Note: Other types of power supply can be customized.



6. General Specifications

Power Supply	AC (220±22) V, (50±2) Hz	
-	Working temperature: 0°C∼45°C;	
Temperature	Calibration temperature: 18°C∼28°C;	
Performance	Storage temperature: -20°C∼70°C	
Humidity	Working humidity: < 80% @ 30°C, < 70% @ 40°C, < 40% @ 50°C	
Performance	Storage humidity: (20%∼80%) R⋅H, No condensation	
Interface	RS232	



7. Ordering Information

